[Total No. of Pages: 2



62601

Second Basic B.Sc. Nursing Examination, Winter 2020 SOCIOLOGY

Total Duration: Section A+B = 3 Hours

Total Marks: 75

SECTION - A & SECTION - B

Instructions:

- 1) Use blue/black ball point pen only.
- 2) **Do not** write anything on the **blank portion of the question paper**. If written anything, such type of act will be considered as an attempt to resort to unfair means.
- 3) All questions are compulsory.
- 4) The number to the right indicates full marks.
- 5) Draw diagrams wherever necessary.
- 6) Distribution of syllabus in Question Paper is only meant to cover entire syllabus within the stipulated frame. The Question paper pattern is a mere guideline. Questions can be asked from any paper's syllabus into any question paper. Students cannot claim that the Question is out of syllabus. As it is only for the placement sake, the distribution has been done.
- 7) Use a common answerbook for all sections.

SECTION - "A" (40 Marks)

1. Short answer question (any five out of six):

 $[5\times 5=25]$

- a) Major components of culture.
- b) Characteristics of social group.
- c) Merits and demerits of Isolation.
- d) Characteristics of marriage.
- e) Functions of the family.
- f) Features of Social Stratification.

2. Long answer question (any one out of two):

 $[1 \times 15 = 15]$

- a) Define social mobility, its factors and types.
- b) Write in detail on population explosion in India and its consequences.

Describe the measure to prevent it.

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SECTION - "B" (35 Marks)

3. Short answer question (any four out of five):

 $[4\times5=20]$

- a) Define Urban community and explain its characteristics.
- b) Social change.
- c) Elements of Social organisation.
- d) Elements of Social system.
- e) Features of Social control.
- 4. Long answer question (any one out of two):

 $[1\times15=15]$

- a) Define social problems and describe the types of social problems. B.
- b) Define poverty and explain the classification of poverty in India. Describe the steps taken by government of India to reduce urban and rural poverty.

